

USSR Protests Rumanian Troops' Border Violations

Warns of Grave Nature of Repeated Attacks on Soviet Frontier

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, Aug. 30.—An exchange of notes between the government of the Soviet Union and the government of Rumania has taken place within the past few weeks, it is revealed here today, in an effort to eliminate peacefully provocations growing out of violations of Soviet frontiers by Rumanian soldiers and paraplane.

The exchange began on Aug. 19, when V. G. Dekanov, Assistant Peoples Commissar of Foreign Affairs of the Soviet Union, handed a note to Grigori Gafencu, Rumanian Minister in Moscow.

The note pointed out the inadmissibility of a repetition of firing on Soviet border guard units by Rumanian arm units, to which the Soviet border guards in separate cases were compelled to reply by fire.

On Aug. 29, Vice-Commissar Dekanov summoned the Rumanian Minister, Gafencu, and again handed him a note of protest against the new hostiles actions of Rumanian frontier and army units on the Soviet frontier, as well as against a number of cases of violation of the Soviet frontier by Rumanian war planes.

PROTEST NOTE

The Soviet note of Aug. 29 states that it is true there are not as yet any victims on the Soviet side, but if there should be victims the affair may assume a grave character. The Soviet Government placed full responsibility on the Rumanian Government for possible consequences of the above-mentioned actions by Rumanian army units and war-planes.

In the conversation the Rumanian Minister Gafencu conveyed to Vice-Commissar Dekanov the note of the Rumanian Government of Aug. 26, in reply to the note of the Government of the USSR of Aug. 19. In its note, the Rumanian Government, while disputing the facts of firing from the Rumanian side, pointed out in the Soviet note, declares that it has given repeated instructions to Rumanian frontier troops to evade by all means all sorts of incidents which may disturb good-neighboring relations between the two countries.

Furthermore Gafencu stated that cases of firing upon Rumanian frontier detachments and the crossing of the border by Soviet planes allegedly took place.

Dekanov declared that the information submitted by Gafencu will be investigated and confirmed the necessity of the receipt by the Soviet Government of an early and satisfactory reply to the repeated protests made by the Soviet Government today, since despite the note of the Rumanian Government of Aug. 26, violations of the Soviet frontier by Rumanian army units continue up to the present day.

Six Canadian Mayors Invited to U. S. Conference

TORONTO, Ont., Aug. 30 (UPI)—Six Canadian mayors have been invited to join United States municipal leaders in New York on Sept. 18 to discuss the part which municipalities can play in any joint defense scheme it was disclosed today.

The invitations were issued at the suggestions of Mayor F. H. LaGuardia of New York, officials said. They went to the Mayors of Toronto, Halifax, Quebec, Winnipeg, Ottawa and Vancouver.

USSR to Mark Sept. 1 as International Youth Day

YCL Organ Says Slavery, Humiliation and Death in War Is Youth's Lot Under Capitalism; Election to Be Held by Soviet YCL

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, Aug. 30.—On the eve of International Youth Day, Komsomolskaya Pravda, official organ of the Young Communist League, writes editorially:

"On September first the whole youth of the Socialist country will celebrate the Twenty-sixth International Youth Day. On this militant revolution-

ary holiday of working youth the world over, the children of free people will demonstrate their might and devotion for their Socialist Fatherland, for the Bolshevik Party and the friend of Soviet youth, Stalin.

"Slavery and humiliation is the lot of working youth in the capitalist world. Capitalism ruthlessly exploits the labor of children and youth. The imperialist war which now rages in the capitalist world takes scores of thousands of young lives. In the infernal battle at Dunkirk soldiers, forced to retreat to the sea, grew gray in a single day and many lost their minds.

"Everything honest and good in capitalist countries is oppressed. For a word of truth people are condemned to rot in jail and the desire for freedom is suppressed by lead.

ITS STRENGTH

MOSCOW, Aug. 30 (UPI)—Komsomolskaya Pravda, organ of the Young Communists, said today that 20 new Soviet aviation records have been submitted for registration to the International Aviation Federation at Paris.

They include a multimotored amphibian altitude records of 30,000 feet and a rubber band motored model plane developing 60 miles per hour at starting speed.

Report 27 Killed In Collapse of Dutch Bridge

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 30 (UPI)—Twenty-seven persons were believed killed today and 20 injured when a bridge which engineers were repairing collapsed near Zaltbommel, 14 miles from Shertogenbosch.

The bridge had been damaged by an explosion set by Dutch troops at the time of Germany's invasion of the Netherlands. At the time of its collapse today engineers and workers, on a barge beneath it, were making repairs.

Some time after the collapse several persons still were listed as missing.

Bermuda Seizes Three on U. S. Ship

HAMILTON, Bermuda, Aug. 30.—One German and two Italian men of military age were removed from the American Export liner *Exochorda* and interned here yesterday. They were passengers aboard the ship which is due in New York from Lisbon tomorrow.

Syria Curbs Meat Sales

DAMASCUS, Syria, Aug. 30.—Meat and petroleum sales and use of taxis were cut by half today under new restrictions necessitated by a shortage of supplies.

Mexico C. P. Exposes Use of Trotzky Slaying by Reaction

(Continued from Page 1)

concealed by its ultra-left attitude.

"Even though the immense majority of the organized working class rejects this propaganda, and the insidious campaign appears to have impressed the police circles of this city, inducing them to convert the Trotzky case into a political trial directed against the Soviet Union.

"The Communist Party of Mexico indignantly rejects this ridiculous interpretation of the case.

"Because of its traditions, because of the principles of the great teachers, Marx, Engels and Lenin, and of the Communist International the Mexican Party has consistently opposed all methods involving individual terror and assassination.

"In this case, in which sinister forces are conspiring against Revolutionary Mexico, it is not surprising that our Party should be the object of all kinds of provocations, excuses being sought thereby which would justify all kinds of repressions against it. The Communist Party has the most absolute confidence in the working class and in the class-conscious peasants, and in all the progressive people of our country, who, taking into account all of these efforts to obscure plots against our country, will repudiate all the vile lies and all the false versions of the case concocted against the Communist Party, and will hasten to defend their organizations of struggle, above all, their revolutionary Party."

The UNDERGROUND

SYNOPSIS

Betsy has roused the Carmichael's. Will, his father Clarence, to help find Prince, her husband, Communist organizer in Jefferson Motors, who has been kidnapped by plant police under the order of Jeffry Grebb, personnel director of Jefferson. Together they drive back to Betsy's home—but Prince is not there. A moment of agonizing dread and weakness then Betsy regains control of herself. Consciously she is calm as she returns to the car. They drive to Ben Silversmith, a Negro comrade, in order to find Ambrose Bishop who drove Prince from the unit meeting. Clarence does not sit down when they are in Ben's home and as they leave to find Ambrose Will asks his father, whom he loves deeply, of white chauvinism. His father really despises it, but insists that Negroes are different from whites.

Will glanced back at Betsy again. "Keep your voice down," he said. "Jesus Pa just stop and think over what you said now. You claim you ain't going to discriminate against Negroes, but in the next breath you say black and white are fundamentally different. Don't you see that's the whole basis of discrimi-

nation? You're talking like a white Southern boss."

"I ain't neither," the old man retorted, trembling with resentment.

"Did you ever know a straight-shootin' guy than Ben Silversmith? He's accomplishing things in unemployed work you and I wouldn't be capable of."

"I ain't saying he ain't. Ben's smart. He's all right. But I just know that if you ask me to sit down with him at table or live in the same house, I'll just feel those things. You ain't fair!"

"Then you gotta realize you kind of feelings and our Party don't mix, that's all." Will insisted doggedly. "What do you suppose would happen if Turner knew this?"

"Who says he has to know? If I got any thoughts I ain't supposed to have, I can keep them to myself."

"Thoughts? You mean prejudices."

"All right, prejudices then."

"But you won't change them, will you, even if you know how wrong they are?"

"I'm an old man, I don't change so easy."

"There are plenty of Party members as old as you are."

"Oh, let's drop it." Clarence begged; "I've had enough."

Betsy called suddenly: "Will?"

He turned anxiously, peering at her, afraid that she had heard something. She had not. She had

called to him out of her own thoughts, as though she were merely pursuing a conversation they had already begun . . . "Will why don't you and Celia have a baby?"

Color flooded into his pudgy face. "Didn't you know? he asked. "What?"

"Celia was pregnant this fall. She had a miscarriage."

"Oh . . . She didn't tell me."

"She didn't feel like telling anybody, I guess. It's the second time."

"You going to try again?"

"We have to wait a little."

"Princey and I have been wait-

ing—to save money . . . But I've changed my mind—I want one now."

"As abruptly as she had spoken, she fell silent again.

"Clarence coughed. "I guess it's the right house."

Silversmith was gesturing to them from the front door. They got out of the car and went up the slippery wooden steps.

"This is it," he said; "but Ambrose ain't home!" He looked troubled.

"Where is he?" asked Betsy calmly.

"I don't know. We'll wait for Hattie, the landlady. She's getting dressed."

"How do you know he isn't home?"

1,000 Nazi Planes Swarm Over London

British Planes Blast German Industries, Bomb Krupp

(Continued from Page 1)

ever, to keep many of the raiders from roaring on toward London, where other defense planes waited. The German planes came over in squadrons of about 100, including both bombers and fighters. Four separate waves swept over the southeast coast just before mid-afternoon and headed toward London.

Each time, heavy squadrons of British fighting aircraft attacked the German planes and scattered their formations.

Despite large-scale activity in the air, few bombs were dropped. The Air Ministry reported, meanwhile, that British bombers heavily bombed Germany's great Krupp armaments works during widespread night raids in which various objectives in Holland, France and Germany were attacked.

Nazi airfields in Holland were raked with bombs, the Air Ministry said, while other British squadrons attacked oil refineries and plants at Geisenkirchen, Bottrop and St. Nazaire, power stations at Durasburg and Reisholz, various objectives in the Ruhr, and goods yards at Hamm. Shipping and convoys along the Dutch coast also were bombed.

NAZIS CONCENTRATE ON AIR FIELDS

MOSCOW, Aug. 30.—Tactical exercises are being held in units of the special western military area in the presence of Marshal of the Soviet Union Semyon Timoshenko, People's Commissar of Defense, it was announced here today.

This year's maneuvers differ sharply from those held in the past,

it was revealed, their distinguishing feature being their maximum close approach to actual war conditions.

The men had to march 50 kilometers (approximately 31 miles) before closing with "enemy." Marshal Timoshenko and Army General K. Meretskov, Chief of the General Staff of the Red Army, are observing the development of operations closely.

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DIGGING IN: Drawn from an incident in the 1940 financial campaign of the Communist Party and Daily Worker. The worker told the Party member: "We haven't much but you're welcome to what we've got." His wife smiled in agreement and said: "We can spare it better than peace and freedom."

CIO Union Wins Back Pay for 32 Negroes

Processing Workers Also Force Denver Firm to Reinstate 3

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30 (FP)—Two important victories for agricultural processing workers have been won by the United Cannery Agricultural Packing & Allied Workers (CIO).

In Memphis the union's action forced the Dixie Pickery to reinstate with back pay 32 Negroes who were fired after they refused to sign affidavits waiving back pay claims due them under the wage-hour law.

In Denver the NLRB, acting on a UCAPAW complaint, ordered the Great Western Mushroom Co. to reinstate with back pay three workers fired for union activity and to cease unfair labor practices. The firm had claimed exemption from the law.

The board also called upon the company to rehouse two workers who had been evicted from company houses, to repay them the rent paid since their eviction, and to end the no-strike contracts which each worker was forced to sign.

Urges U.S. Act to Save Anti-Nazis From Hitler's Executioners

Spanish Aid Committee Urges Flood of Wires to Capital, Asking Intercession; Prof. Einstein, Others Ask Pan-American Union Action

Declaring that history records "no more dastardly crime" than the arrest in unoccupied France and return to Germany of groups of anti-Nazi Germans, among whom are included many who fought in the Spanish Republican Army as members of the International Brigade, the United American Spanish Aid Committee, a national relief and service organization with offices at 200 Fifth Ave., appealed to the American people today to act swiftly to save the lives of their "brother anti-fascists."

Suggested steps outlined by the committee in a statement issued by Fred Biedenkapp, Executive Secretary, call for sending letters and telegrams to President Roosevelt, Secretary of State Hull, and the American Red Cross, urging protection and intercession with the French and German Governments on behalf of the Spanish refugees and International Brigade members, supplying of ships to transport them to safety, and providing material aid while they are awaiting transportation.

Immediate issuance of visas for entry into the United States to all Internationals who are on the quota list and to all those who formerly resided here is also requested.

FACE FIRING SQUADS

The statement reveals that 1,000 brigadiers from Germany, Austria, Czechoslovakia, and Poland are still held in French concentration camps and warns that execution or torture and long imprisonment will undoubtedly be their fate if permitted to fall into the hands of Hitler.

A similar fate faces the 800 Italian members of the International Brigade, the committee adds.

A share of the blame for the present critical plight of those who fought for the Spanish Republic and escaped into France after the war is placed upon the United States Government by the committee. The statement declares that just as the desertion of the Democratic Republic of Spain by the United States, England, and France aided Generalissimo Franco to victory, "so our own government must bear a large share of the responsibility for the present terrible plight of those who fought to preserve democracy in Spain."

"Our diplomatic intervention could have prevented and still can prevent the wreaking of fascist vengeance on the thousands of Spanish refugees and International Volunteers who are in the gravest danger now," the committee's statement adds.

"American ships to bring them to safety in Mexico and other countries willing to admit them could have and still can snatch thousands from the 'mercy' of Franco, Hitler, and Mussolini. It is not yet too late."

The committee appealed for contributions for its campaign to save the lives of these fighters for democracy.

PROF. EINSTEIN INTERCEDES

Urging the Pan-American union to exert its influence on behalf of writers in Europe seeking asylum in the Western Hemisphere, Prof.

Teamsters Deadlocked On Pact Talks

Union to Strike Tuesday If Bosses Refuse to Meet Demands

Unless the merchant truckmen agree to demands of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters three locals, 807, 815 and 292, 20,000 members of the union will strike Tuesday morning.

After a week of conferences with the employers, representatives of the locals had failed to reach an agreement on the renewal of the contract which expires August 30. The holiday Monday will delay any strike action.

Major LaGuardia, leaving summer City Hall last night, indicated that there was some hope of settlement of the dispute before the actual walkout.

"Apparently," he said, "satisfactory progress is being made. I'll keep in touch with the situation over the week-end."

Further conferences of the union officials with the employers were seen possible for today, although representatives of 807 would not say definitely that any would be held.

Meanwhile the National Maritime Union's membership meeting Thursday night at Manhattan Center passed a resolution supporting whatever action the AFL teamsters may take.

It is declared that the teamsters are seeking improved conditions from employers who refuse to consider their proposals. It is essential that labor unity be preserved, the resolution said, and placed the teamsters on record "for our own protection as well as that of other unions" behind the teamsters.

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Paterson Dye Union Negotiating New Pact

Workers Bitter Over Results of Hillman Clique's Maneuvers

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PATERSON, Aug. 30.—New contract between the employers and Dyers Local 1732 were in the process of consummation today, setting working conditions in this center of the industry and out-of-town shops for two years to come.

It is the first time in years, however, that a contract not acceptable to the workers, has been put over against their wishes, and so bitter was the rank and file resentment here against acceptance that a secret ballot on a possible walkout was held last Wednesday.

Chief point of contention in the new pact is the shelving of a clause contained in the old contract which expires tomorrow, which prohibits speedup in the shops. The clause, now dropped through the too-ready acceptance of the Hillman-influenced leaders in the Dyers Federation, was known as the "work load" clause, defining the number of workers to be employed on a given job in the various departments of the dye plants.

The capitulatory tactics of the Hillman school of trade unionism was injected in the negotiations between the Dyers Federation and the employers by Joseph Knapik, president of the federation, and who headed the negotiating committee.

Knapik, as well as several other key leaders in the federation, including George Baldanzi, executive vice-president of the Textile Workers Union, representing the Dyers Federation in the TWUA, carry out the Hillman policies in this affiliate of the textile union.

MODEST DEMANDS
With the exception of the Union City local of dyers, the workers in this year's negotiations were extremely modest in the demands, merely asking for a status quo in the contract provisions on the basic points of hours, wages and general conditions. The Union City local was the only one that demanded a pay increase.

RESOLUTION ON HILLMAN
The resolution criticizing Hillman said in part:

"The same elements who are attempting to ram conscription down our throats in the name of 'National Defense' are at the same time sabotaging any real national defense by refusing to manufacture arms and war materials unless they are guaranteed huge profits, and

"The job of organizing National Defense is the responsibility of the Advisory Council for National Defense, on which labor is represented by Mr. Sidney Hillman, President of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, and Vice-President of the CIO.

"The National Maritime Union of America, again protests the attempts to conscript Americans as the first step toward Fascism designed to destroy the American Labor Movement by imposing military rule on American workers, and that we vigorously condemn the attempts of Big Business interests to blackjack the government into guaranteeing exorbitant super profits, and be it held,

"When the tentative agreement now in the process of being signed, was presented to the Paterson members, it was emphatically rejected in three different membership meetings.

"Upon sharp demands of the rank and file for action to retain the 'work load' clause, the officials of Local 1732 instituted a poll last Wednesday—but it turned out to be a poll 'for' or 'against' a strike—instead of an official ballot on acceptance or rejection of the proposed contract.

Thus, the dye workers of Paterson and in other centers start work under a new contract, bearing the imprint of Roosevelt's chief labor herald for the "defense" program. Mr. Hillman—a contract under which the employers can now launch a speedup system which the union in the past against fought tooth and nail.

Meanwhile the National Maritime Union's membership meeting Thursday night at Manhattan Center passed a resolution supporting whatever action the AFL teamsters may take.

It is declared that the teamsters are seeking improved conditions from employers who refuse to consider their proposals. It is essential that labor unity be preserved, the resolution said, and placed the teamsters on record "for our own protection as well as that of other unions" behind the teamsters.

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3,000 Seamen Back Curran Stand for Peace

Membership Meeting of NMU Gives Unanimous Support to Chicago Mobilization, Criticizes Hillman Activities on Defense Council

Three thousand members of the National Maritime Union at a membership meeting in Manhattan Center Thursday gave unanimous support to the efforts of Joseph Curran, their president and also president of the CIO council, to rally support for the Chicago Emergency Peace Mobilization.

Their action was aimed at a group who signed a letter protesting Curran's appeal for funds for the mobilization. The NMU also passed a resolution criticizing the activities of Sidney Hillman as a member of the Advisory Council for National Defense.

The resolution supporting Curran's peace efforts said:

"Certain individuals in the labor movement and the Wall St. press saw fit to slander Joseph Curran and his efforts in rally the NMU would win bargaining rights. Votes in the Soncony Vacuum election will be counted on Tuesday."

Own Local Hits Kudish Attack On Peace Meet

Elects Four Delegates to Mobilization, Scores Concession Bill

The meeting instructed its committee to demand first of all that Camarda permit working longshoremen to be members of the committee which negotiates with the shipowners.

The demands are:

1. Rotary hiring through the union to prevent discrimination against rank and file movement members and a more equitable distribution of work.

2. The 40-hour week.

3. A drive against the kickback, of which Camarda has been accused.

4. Sling loads of 2,100 pounds maximum. Many men have been killed and injured when slings have been overloaded and collapsed.

5. Twenty-men gangs to prevent speed-up.

6. More frequent membership meetings.

MEN'S DEMANDS

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Single Standard Milk Goes on Sale Tomorrow

Companies Withhold Announcement of Price; War Orders Used As Alibi to Delay Use on New Protective Caps

Starting tomorrow, all pasteurized milk will be sold as one grade. The inauguration of a single grade milk is an important victory for consumers since it removes the double standard and price of "Grade A" and "Grade B" and sets up a higher minimum health standard and single price for all bottled milk.

To date, however, the large milk companies have not announced the price of single grade milk per quart. Though it meets the requirements of a higher standard, there is absolutely no justification in any price increase, officials of the Milk Consumers Protective Committee, said yesterday. "Grade B" has been selling for eleven cents a quart generally and single grade milk should meet the same price, they added.

The national "defense" program is doing its part in interfering with the health standards set up by the New York Dept. of Health for single grade milk. The requirement of the protective cap has been postponed until January first, because of the pressure of war orders on the machine tool industry. Health authorities state that sanitary sealing is absolutely essential for the single grade but this requirement means little or nothing to the milk companies.

BACTERIA COUNT

The greatest change in the single grade is the reduction of the allowable bacteria count from the present 300,000 for "Grade B" milk to 150,000 per cubic centimeter. However, it is because the bacteria count of "Grade B" met the bacteria requirements of "Grade A" for the past few years, that the double standard is no longer necessary. Ninety per cent of the milk on the market has a bacteria count of 100,000 per c.c.

The single grade must have a minimum butterfat content of 3.3. In practice, consumers are getting this butterfat content in "Grade B." The real improvement comes in the protective cap. However, until Jan. 1, only a small proportion of the bottles will have a protective cap covering the lip of the bottle.

The milk trust tried to prevent the abolition of "Grade A" milk and its added revenue with a campaign of misinformation. Sheffields and Bordens will put all kinds of fancy brands on the market in order to hold on to the extra profit from the luxury trade.

The consumer need only to remember that all pasturized milk, no matter what price, is protected by the same rigid health standards.

Polish Jew Executed By Nazis in France

VICHY, France, Aug. 30 (UPI)—German occupation authorities at Bordeaux posted a notice today that Israel Leizer Karp, Polish Jew, had been shot to death, convicted of "attacking German army bandmen during the raising of the Nazi swastika flag at the St. Jean railroad station on Aug. 24.

It was the first civil execution by the German army in occupied France.



Northwest Sending Big Delegation To Chicago

Almost 100 En Route to Peace Mobilization Starting Today

(Special to the Daily Worker)

SEATTLE, Aug. 30.—Nearly 100 delegates from the Northwest are en route to Chicago for the Emergency Peace Mobilization, it was revealed by Miss Baba Jeanne Sears, executive secretary of the Seattle Peace Coordinating Committee.

"Lumber workers are sending the largest number of delegates, just as in the last war lumber workers led the fight in the Northwest against war," Miss Sears disclosed.

"Many of the delegates were elected directly in the camps and lumber mills. The district councils of the International Woodworkers of America also actively participated in the campaign to sound the Northwest's demand for peace at the Chicago conclave," Miss Sears recalled.

Basil Hoke, secretary of the Northern Washington district council IWA and an ardent champion of peace, said reports were continuing to stream into his office on locals that had dispatched delegates.

While trade unions, both AFL and CIO, formed the bulk of the delegates, a survey of delegates reveal that the voice of the neighborhoods will be heard at Chicago.

WOMEN DELEGATES

"The Women's Committee for Peace, representing over a dozen neighborhoods in both rural and metropolitan districts, are actively participating in the Chicago conclave," Mrs. Marion Camozzi, chairman of the women's committee said.

"By ringing doorbells throughout the neighborhoods and holding small receptions in fund-raising campaigns, the women's committee were able to send several delegates.

Other organizations represented include language societies, women's democratic clubs, Workers Alliance and locals of the Washington Old Age Pension Union.

"There will be no moratorium on the fight against war carried on at home while delegates are fighting for peace at Chicago," A. E. Harding, president of the Maritime Federation and chairman of the Seattle Peace Coordinating Committee, said.

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6,000 Brooklyn Painters to Join Strike

Set to Walk Out Today, Manhattan Ranks Remain Solid

Six thousand more painters, from District Council 28, Queens and 18, Brooklyn, will join the strike of the 12,000 members of District Council 9. Manhattan Tuesday morning.

Their demands, essentially the same as those presented by District Council 9 to the Master Painters' Association, were rejected at conferences with the employers yesterday.

Instead of the \$1.75 an hour which is being sought by District Council 9, the other councils are seeking a \$2 an hour scale. All three councils are asking 50 per cent control of hiring, elimination of speed-up and the 30-hour week.

Members of the Queens Council will meet Tuesday morning at ten o'clock at Volkert's Hall, 3811 27th Ave., Long Island City. Morris Isaacson is secretary-treasurer of the Queens Council.

As the strike of 12,000 painters in the Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx went into its sixth day, Louis Weinstock, Secretary-Treasurer of District Council 9, declared himself satisfied with the progress of the strike and asserted that the industry is at a standstill.

With more than 130 independent contractors already signed up and a meeting scheduled for this afternoon with a negotiating committee of the Hardwood Cabinet Manufacturers Association, with whom an agreement is expected to be reached, Weinstock stated that the progress of the strike was eminently satisfactory to the Union.

Support for District Council No. 9 has continued to pour in. Philadelphia District Council No. 21 has assured Mr. Weinstock none of its members are working on jobs held by New York employers and has assured the New York Union of its unfailing support.

Full cooperation of the International Office of the union was assured in a letter received today from Clarence E. Swick, General Secretary-Treasurer of the union.

Weinstock, in a report to the District Council expressed satisfaction with the activities of the rank and file of the union. He said that picketing was going on at all major buildings affected by the strike and that it would continue as long as the strike was in effect.

Movie Chain Owner Indicted For Conspiracy

George P. Skouras, who with his two brothers controls the nation's largest chain of theaters, was indicted together with an associate and two theatre corporations by a federal grand jury yesterday on a charge of conspiracy to bribe Martin T. Manton, imprisoned former senior justice of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

Named with Skouras in the true bill were Harry B. Newlin, a friend of Manton's and a former real estate broker, together with the Skouras Theatre Corporation and its subsidiary, the Ktima Theatre Corp.



What with all the preparedness talk on Wall Street and in the halls of Congress, the United States Bureau of Home Economics has evinced a sudden interest in "The Workingman's Food," and gotten out a new free bulletin entitled, "Diet to Fit the Family Income."

The big idea is made pretty clear in the news release the Bureau got out last week to advertise the bulletin. "Preparedness" it says, "is now the watchword in the American scheme of life... As the wheels of industry speed up, health for the workingman and his family becomes more important than ever before. And good health rests on a foundation of good nutrition, which in turn depends on well-planned diets."

Our good friends in the Bureau of Home Economics, with their sudden concern for the health of cannon-fodder and workers in munitions plants, put it very neatly—well-planned diet—but they don't mention where millions are to get the incomes necessary to purchase the food with which a healthy diet can be planned, especially with the heavy added burden of "defense" taxation.

The news release goes into some of the usual preachers about the value of eggs and milk (but "when bought in large quantities the cost is limited, the family may claim all the energy needed for day night."

It appears that the bulletin offers



An Army Marches

above, prepare sandwiches and hot coffee for the strikers at one of the seven strike kitchens. Left to right are R. S. Goldberg, S. Friedman, Minnie Hammer, Rose Spector, all members of Local 442. —Daily Worker Photo

G. E. Indicted In Monopoly Tie With Krupp

Grand Jury Charges Monopoly Zoomed Alloy Prices

(By United Press)

A special Federal Grand Jury inquiring into national defense bottlenecks yesterday returned an indictment charging the General Electric Company, a subsidiary and the great Krupp armaments works of Essen, Germany, with boosting the price of badly needed tungsten carbide alloys.

Through the activities of the defendants, a government spokesman alleged the government had to pay three and four times what it should for alloys essential to the wearing qualities of military equipment such as guns, shells, tanks, plane engines, armor plate, trucks and automotive and railroad equipment.

The indictment, specifically alleging violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust Act and the Wilson Tariff Act, names the General Electric Company, Walter Stearns, its trade relations manager; the Krupp works, the Carboly Company of Detroit and W. G. Robbins, its president, and Zay Jeffries, chairman of the board.

The lengthy indictment charges that the Krupp firm holds the power of veto over the issuance of patents to American manufacturers in the making of hard metal compositions for machine cutting tools.

General Electric allegedly paid Krupp \$1,100,000 in 1928 for American rights to the patent and secret covenants were entered into, according to the indictment, whereby the Krupp firm would not ship tungsten carbide alloys to this country and there would be no export from this to other countries.

The agreements resulted, the indictment stated, in a jump in the price of carbide alloy from \$48 a pound to \$435 a pound. The present price is about \$205 a pound. One of the 200 witnesses told the Grand Jury that he had to quote a price of \$5,000 for a certain tool which should have cost \$2,500 to the Federal Arsenal at Frankford, Pa.

When a Man Strikes He Must Eat; Wives of Painters Do the Job

Women's Auxiliary Sets Up Seven Kitchens, Feed Pickets Sandwiches, Coffee, and Take Care of Kids at Same Time

The Women's Auxiliary of the Painters' Union, on strike since Monday, have set up strike kitchens in seven of the eleven local headquarters in New York, and are preparing and passing out sandwiches and milk or coffee to picketers. In local 442 at Irving Plaza, just before noon, four women were busy behind a counter in the balcony, making sandwiches and wrapping them in wax paper, and lining up the bottles of Consumer-Farmer Co-operative milk, and the paper cups. The men, tired and wet, carrying their picket signs, were already milling around the hall below, some of them straggling hopefully up the stairs in search of food.

Sophie Goldberg seemed to be in charge back of the counter. She laughed when asked, and said, "We are all in charge."

She said that the Auxiliary was preparing food for their husbands, on the second day of the strike.

"And we're trying to really accommodate the pickets with the eats," she said. "We got more for them yesterday than yesterday, and tomorrow we'll get still more."

Mrs. Goldberg told about the way strike benefits are handled.

"They've got a good idea," she said with enthusiasm, "the best idea yet. The men with jobs in shops that are already signed up, take only three days work a week, and let some man who's not working, because his shop hasn't signed, have the other three days. My husband has a good job, in a union shop, but he works only three days now. The other three days he picks. It's a wonderful idea, and it keeps the strike together. I'm so glad!"

What did she do with her children while down here? How does she get her housework done?

THE KIDS HELP

"Oh, we do our housework after. And my three kids are grown up already," she said. "But some of the women, in the up-town locals, take their kids right to the strike headquarters. The kids run errands

IN SEARCH OF SCABS

"Yes, yesterday we went out renting apartments. A house was reported scabbing, and we went there to look at an apartment to be sure it wasn't getting painted. Women are god at things like that, you know?" She laughed.

How is the strike's going?

She beamed. "It's going well. The people are inspired about it. If you just look at their faces, you know they're going to win."

Mrs. Sophie Freedman, another Auxiliary member behind the counter, said she was anxious for the women to get on the picket line. "We're crazy to go," she said, "but we didn't exactly offer because we want them to see for themselves the need of having us there. We want them to ask us. They need us to encourage them and speak to them."

Rose Spector and Minnie Hammer, new auxiliary members, were also busy with the food. "We're just helping out," said Mrs. Spector, modestly. "I know what a strike means," Mrs. Hammer put in. "I'm in my own union, in the needle trades. Just now I'm not working, so I help my husband's union."

Joseph Raskob, president of the local, said, "The ladies are doing a fine job." He leaned over and whispered, laughing, "We're going to have them on the picket line tomorrow. Three years ago, when the painters were on strike, we marched on Wall St. I think we'll do it again this time—women and kids and all."

THE CHAIRMAN

The women went in search of Mrs. Emily McKinnon, who is chairman of the strike committee for the whole auxiliary. "She's wonderful!" they said. She was found at Local 51, on W. 42nd St., a plump and pretty Irish woman, energetic and gay with laughter.

"It's quite a responsibility," she said, "but I'm trying my best. Of course I've had a lot of help from the women—and the brothers, too, pitch right in and do all they can."

"About thirty women are active now, and every day there's more," she went on. "We've got work for all the wives to do, in all the locals, if they'll come out. We're trying to get the men to pass the word around, that they should come to their locals at ten o'clock every morning."

"The painters' wives know what a strike's about. We just manage to struggle on a little less while it's going on, that's all. And we're used to struggle."

Urge Taking Bridges Case Out of FBI Hands

Committee to Protect Foreign Born Warns of Persecution

(Special to the Daily Worker)

The American Committee for the Protection of Foreign Born, 79 Fifth Avenue, yesterday requested Attorney General Robert Jackson to take the Harry Bridges case out of the hands of J. Edgar Hoover and turn it over to the Immigration and Naturalization Service, "where it rightfully belongs."

The request was made in a letter to the Attorney General which warned against the attempt to "Hooverize" the administration of the deportation and naturalization laws.

The letter signed by Carey McWilliams, chairman of the Committee, declared in part:

"One of our objections to the transfer of the Immigration and Naturalization Service from the Department of Labor to the Department of Justice in June of this year was based on the possibility that the Service might become dominated by the FBI . . .

" . . . If FBI agents are to carry out 'investigations' of aliens believed to be subject to deportation the Immigration and Naturalization Service will certainly become dominated by the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Such procedure clearly jeopardizes the rights of aliens and thereby the democratic rights of all Americans. Instead of aiding the non-citizen in his efforts to adjust himself to our society, the Service will become an agency for persecuting the foreign born in the United States."

Fitts Repudiated By Los Angeles Voters in Poll

Opposition Parties Get 3 to 2 Majority in Primaries Over Red-Baiting District Attorney, Labor Showing Strong

(Special to the Daily Worker)

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 30.—Burton Fitts, labor-hating district attorney and impresario of the "red murder plot" mystery drama, yesterday stood repudiated by the electorate of Los Angeles.

A majority of the people in this county voted against Fitts yesterday, his electoral opponents in the primaries getting three votes to every two he got.

As a result, Fitts faces the most bitter election contest in the finals, with John F. Dockweller, labor-endorsed candidate, as his opponent.

Although the open shop sponsored incumbent gained a small plurality in the eight-cornered race his opponents piled up better than three votes to his two, thus forcing a runoff.

LABOR STRONG

Showing labor's strength was the race within Los Angeles city limits where Dockweller ran neck and neck with Fitts, despite the latter's advantage of having the active support of virtually the entire press and a seemingly bottomless campaign treasure chest. What advantage Fitts had was gained in the outlying rural districts.

Return from 4040 precincts

of 4951 showed this result:

Fitts, 213,854; Dockweller, 169,

874; Taplin 74,005, and Bonelli, 70,818. The other four candidates polled approximately 40,000 votes.

As labor summed it up, the result was: Fitts 213,854, and anti-Fitts, 465.

All 15 Superior Court judges

were reelected. Closest race was for

office 14 where reactionary inter-

ests concentrated their fire in an

attempt to remove Judge John

Beardsley, formerly active in the

American Civil Liberties Union.

Pete Moseley, Acting New York

CIO Regional Director, announced

that a CIO charter had been is-

sued for the Building Service Em-

ployees Local Industrial Union No.

1070 to have jurisdiction over all

types of employees in office, loft and

apartment buildings throughout the

city.

The charter, Moseley said, had

been issued to a formerly indepen-

dent union, the Building Service Em-

ployees of America, with headquar-

ters at 106 W. 46th St.



BURON FITTS

liberal background, is a strong

opponent of conscription.

TORTY SWAMPED

Red-baiting former Assemblyman Sam Yorty, who campaigned for senator on pro-war "stop Hitler now" platform, ran a feeble fourth in both Republican and Demo-

All incumbent congressmen are

apparently renominated, some gain-

cratic nominations.

The huge plurality scored by

Senator Hiram Johnson in Los An-

geles county over County Supervisor

John Anson Ford, "good gov-

ernment liberal," was generally con-

sidered the result of Ford's sup-

port of President Roosevelt's for-

ign policy and the general pub-

lic belief that Johnson, despite his

success in the campaign, was not

to be allowed to practice his 18th

century barbarism in Detroit and

Michigan.

The powerful National Associa-

tion for the Advancement of Col-

ored People is making this its

foremost task at present. Detroit

and vicinity has been the scene

of increased Klan activity.

Last Sunday Imperial Wizard of

the KKK, Hiram W. Colescott was

in Detroit and in a hate-inciting

speech urged "building the Klan"</

Daily Worker

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SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1940

A Cynical Fraud

The Overton-Russell amendment (supposedly to "draft" factories if necessary) is a cynical fraud upon the people.

It is intended to hoodwink the millions who are beginning to suspect that the Administration is preparing to enslave the poor and make the rich richer. But the rich themselves are not fooled. There are no signs of nervousness in the upper strata of finance capital over this amendment.

The Wall Street Journal, for example, is entirely unexcited about the whole matter. It declares in a matter-of-fact way that the amendment "as it stands, is apparently little if anything more than a special expression of the principle of eminent domain, a power which is inherent in all government."

The Journal of Commerce speaks with the same calm. It declared that those who predicted that the financial interests would howl against the amendment, "presented a distinctly misleading picture of the attitude of business men and the financial community toward this provision of the draft measure." It adds with smug satisfaction that "full and fair compensation (would) be paid the owners of the facilities seized."

The Herald Tribune calls the amendment "frivolous demagoguery" and cynically declares that "it does not, of course, conscript property or come within a thousand miles of it. [The Tribune should know!—Editor.] If it had, one cannot help wondering how many of the virtuous Senators, not a few of whom are men of property themselves, would have voted for it."

In view of such statements, Wendell Willkie's outburst against the amendment as "sovietizing" industry is the wildest kind of nonsense; but it is nonsense which the Administration leaders like to hear for it helps them in their pretense that some sacrifice is being made of industry.

It is not even necessary for a person to study the terms of the amendment, to realize that it is a hoax. All one has to do is to look at the present policy of the Administration and it becomes clear that far from "conscription" the wealth of the corporations in any way, the whole plan of the Administration is to make them still more wealthy.

Did not the President completely exonerate the corporations which had staged a sit-down against the "defense" program until they won their demands for still higher profits and lower taxes? And on the very same day that the Overton-Russell amendment was passed, did not the Navy Department hand out a \$160,000,000 order to the Morgan-controlled United Aircraft Company and promise to pay for \$7,000,000 worth of tools in addition? Has not the Reconstruction Finance Corporation already dished out more than \$200,000,000 of the people's money in loans to the corporations for "defense" orders?

The only kind of "conscription" of wealth that the Roosevelt Administration intends to carry out, is the conscription of the pennies of the poor through taxes—to be turned over later to the monopolies through loans and huge profits on war orders. If anybody in the Administration had the faintest interest in "conscription" wealth, he would be advocating higher wages for the workers now and heavy taxes upon war profits.

One of the real purposes of the "draft the factories" amendment, as the N. Y. Times reveals, was to furnish those Senators who were hesitating about voting for the Burke-Wadsworth Bill, with an alibi that they were voting not only to conscript manpower, but also to "conscription wealth."

The Overton-Russell amendment also has some hidden, dangerous possibilities—such as empowering the President to take over radio stations and newspapers and thus destroy freedom of speech and of the press. The amendment might also be used in time as a weapon of the monopolists against non-monopoly business.

It is already evident that the Administration and the press are hoping to make the Overton-Russell amendment the issue in the House and thus side-track all discussion on the deadly features of the conscription bill. But the phony Overton-Russell amendment is not the issue. The issue is whether the common people of this nation are to be regimented and conscripted for imperialist adventures abroad and for dictatorship at home.

Letters From Our Readers

Wants Varga's Articles

In Pamphlet Form

New York City.

Editor, Daily Worker:

Please put in pamphlet form Varga's current articles which are being published in the Daily and Sunday Worker.

A. K.

Major Parties Dodging Most Important Issue

Brooklyn, N. Y.

Editor, Daily Worker:

Roosevelt and Willkie are both committed to dragging the United States into war, but each in his own way.

Therefore, the real significance of the Willkie speech at Elwood is "unity" at all costs to keep the war from becoming an issue before the people, until after election.

R. B.

A National Guardsman Writes About the Draft

Bronx, N. Y.

Editor, Daily Worker:

Permit me to present some facts in relation to the National Guard Draft Bill which have not been published before. The other side of the picture has been pushed into obscurity, namely, the reaction of the Guardsmen to this bill.

After three years in the National Guard, and a "veteran" of the Upstate maneuvers, I feel qualified to present to the general American public and to the sponsors of this phony bill a true account of the boys and men who comprise the bulk of the Guards.

The majority of them are opposed to the one year compulsory training on the grounds that it destroys their very much guarded freedom and liberty. "Why should I give up a year of my life for a militaristic purpose that is of no concern to me?" one of them said. "I didn't start the war, why should I have to pay for it?" another said.

Many of these men have jobs that just about keep them going from hand to mouth each week, yet they would prefer this than leaving home for a year, disrupting their entire existence.

Some had planned to marry; others to return to school for a better education, and a few, like myself, do not relish the prospect of leaving a worried wife at home.

The American public should wake up and help to throw out this legislation which has empowered the President to make of the Guardsmen a weapon for Wall Street and its imperialistic ventures.

Such regimentation of American youth can only lead to destruction of all the gains which have been won up till now. Help defeat this fascist method of military training by writing to the sponsors of this bill and voicing your disapproval.

J. M.

Publication of Petition Signers' Names—Attempt to Bar Peace Candidates

Cleveland, Ohio.

Editor, Daily Worker:

The Cleveland Press is printing names of petition signers. The following is a copy of a letter to the editor:

"Never before has the State of Ohio or the Cleveland Press questioned the validity of Communist Party petitions, and in past elections the Communist Party has regularly appeared on the ballot. Why then today does the Cleveland Press act as a self-appointed sleuth by printing names of all Cleveland signers of Communist Party petitions? Many people, while disagreeing with the Communist Party, signed the petitions because they believe any Party has the right to sign on the ballot.

"What is it about the Communist election this year that inspires the 'Press' to take measures that have never before been found necessary? The central plank of the Communist platform is to keep America out of war by stopping the blood-soaked trade in munitions and instruments of war, by depriving the profiteers and monopolists of their inducements to endanger our peace.

"Today, in the absence of any major political peace party, the Communist Party presents an alternative to the war policy of other parties.

"The 'Press' endorses the war policies of Roosevelt and Willkie.

"Therefore, the 'Press' prints names in callous disregard of persons or civil liberties in order to prevent the raising of peace or war as an issue in the Presidential campaign."

D. S.

Wall Street Business Pure and Simple

Brooklyn, N. Y.

Editor, Daily Worker:

For those seeking the basic factors behind the recently announced "Mutual Defense Agreement" between the U. S. A. and Canada, Anna Rochester's remarkable study, "Rulers of America," is astonishingly revealing.

In Chapter XX, discussing the penetration of Canada by U. S. finance capital, Miss Rochester discloses the following:

"Politically Canada is tied to the British Empire as a self-governing dominion. . . . In spite of these close links to Great Britain, Canadian capitalism has had since the World War a closer relation with Wall Street than London. The share held by U. S. exports in the Canadian market . . . is . . . more than double the share held by exports from Great Britain. And in capital investment, which is more important than in determining the influence of one country upon another, the U. S. A. has ever since the war held unquestioned leadership over Great Britain. In 1931, the stake of U. S. capitalists in Canadian industry and Canadian resources was almost double the stake of U. S. capitalists in any other one foreign country.

"The four billions of American capital invested in Canada constitute roughly one-quarter of the total foreign investment by private interests in the U. S. . . .

"Canada has its own highly developed financial groups. . . . Canadian capitalists have been building up their own investments in other countries. Over a billion dollars of Canadian capital is invested in the U. S. and three-quarter billion elsewhere—chiefly in the West Indies and South America. . . ."

A calm, objective analysis of the information will reveal to the reader that what was behind the MacKenzie King-Roosevelt commitments at Ogdensburg was "Wall Street Business" pure and simple: a long step by U. S. Imperialism toward its objective of military and political domination over the Western Hemisphere.

The "U. S. News," spokesman for the rulers of America, reveals as much in the current issue, when, while discounting the possibility of invasion by a vicious Hitler, it declares:

"Downfall of Britain would raise the question of Canada's future . . . would raise the question of title of vast British investments here and in Latin America. . . . Roosevelt . . . is seeking to gain advantage for the U. S. at an undisclosed price. . . ."

Is that price American involvement?

G. S.

CHARLEY McCARTHY

by Gropper

Point of Order

By ALAN MAX

THE GREAT DEBATE

(Point of Order stages the Roosevelt-Willkie debate and names Point of Order as impartial chairman. Any resemblance to living persons is entirely intentional.)

CHAIRMAN—Ladies and gentlemen, the debate of the century—a brilliant clash of opposing views—both will speak freely and frankly, laying bare their differences and letting you, ladies and gentlemen, take your choice. First we hear from Mr. Roosevelt.

ROOSEVELT—Fellow Americans, my program is brief: conscription, obsolete destroyers to Britain and be prepared to defend the Rhine from Hitler. Our motto is unity, defense and sacrifice. Let me repeat, in conclusion, unity, defense and—

WILLKIE—Sacrifice.

CHAIRMAN—No heckling, please, Mr. Willkie.

WILLKIE—Beg pardon, I was just rehearsing my speech.

CHAIRMAN—Having heard Mr. Roosevelt, we will now hear from the fighting opposition, Mr. Roosevelt.

WILLKIE—Fellow Americans, as against Mr. Roosevelt's proposal of conscription, I say that what this country needs is the draft. As against obsolete destroyers for Britain, I propose we send over-aged destroyers. Instead of protecting the Rhine from Hitler, I demand that we keep Hitler from the Rhine. It is lead of Unity, Defense and Sacrifice—a program which could only lead our country to disaster—I propose Defense, Sacrifice and Unity. Or in the event of a special, unforeseen emergency—Sacrifice, Unity and Defense. I thank you.

CHAIRMAN—We will now hear the first rebuttal from Mr. Roosevelt.

ROOSEVELT—Fellow Americans, you have just heard my opponent, Mr. Roosevelt—

CHAIRMAN—Pardon me, Mr. President, but your opponent is Mr. Wendell L. Willkie.

ROOSEVELT—Then who am I? Oh, yes, to be sure. You have heard my opponent, Mr. Wendell L. Roosevelt—or, rather, Mr. Franklin D. Willkie—or I should say—excuse me, just what is your name again?

WILLKIE—Wendell L. Willkie.

ROOSEVELT—Thank you, Mr. Willkie! (A messenger hands Roosevelt a telegram which he opens and reads.) Oh, I am so sorry. I have just been called back to Washington for a special meeting of the Republican National—I mean the Democratic National Committee. Mr. Chairman, if there is no objection, I should like to have a substitute continue presenting my views for me.

CHAIRMAN—Whom do you propose?

ROOSEVELT—Mr. Willkie here.

(At this point, the Chairman calls off the debate on account of darkness as the audience has long since left the hall and the lights have been turned out.)

Suggested slogan for that insurance company: "As Strong As the Rock of Gibraltar Would Be Today If Those Planes Had Been Sent to Help Loyalist Spain."

OFF TO BORNEO

"You can go to Borneo,"
 Is what they used to say.
 Now they're laughing and they tell you
 In the same old way:

"You can go to Borneo
 Just take your gun and fight,
 You can go to Honolulu
 Or any place you like."

"Just go to Borneo
 And steal a little tin,
 Or take a kite to Jana
 And do the Javas in."

"You can go to Borneo,"
 Is what they used to say.
 Now they're laughing and they tell you,
 "Conscription's on the way."

Mister Millionaire,
 Truck on down to hell;
 We boys don't want to cross the seas,
 We like the U. S. too well."

PETER FLEMING.

This is a day of changing slogans. The Superintendent of Public Schools of Pittsburgh announces that, in the coming school term, emphasis will be turned from "Democracy and Peace" to "Democracy and Strength." We predict that other changes will quickly follow. "Democracy and Strength" will probably give way to "Unity and Strength," then "Unity and God," then "Roosevelt and God." Then "Roosevelt."

According to F. B. I., certain bankers are so hostile to labor that they would like to change the name of the Western Union Company to the Western Company Union.

When people start talking about preserving the sacred two-party system from a three-party or four-party system, you can be sure they are heading for a one-party system.

When Joe Parker sent in his lunch money (25 cents) the other day for the Daily Worker Fund, he also made the suggestion for the Roosevelt-Willkie debate which heads this column.

Yesterday's contributions to the Fund Drive (as credited to Point of Order)—

Some Striking Painters \$3.00

Sid 1.00

Previously received \$4.00

Total \$7.20

anti-Semitism; the haters of trade unions; the admirers of Hitler; the appeasers; the bitterest opponents of the Communist Party; those who want to drag our country into war. The real Fifth Columnists are those who graft in office; who sell pardons to criminals; incite vigilante violence; provoke lynch terror against the Negro people; conduct anti-Semitic campaigns against the Jewish people. It is those who rule minority parties off the ballot; who violate and machine-gun the Bill of Rights. It is those who create war hysteria and try to foist fascist dictatorship in disguised form on America. It is the men of great wealth in Wall Street and State Street who back the Martin Dies, Col. Lindbergh, Father Coughlin and the rest.

Communism and fascism are irreconcilable. Fascism and Nazism represent capitalism in full and decay. They are the hideous offspring of the diseased body of world capitalism. The Russian Revolution 1917 galvanized the German people to overthrow Kaisers in 1918. The great ideals of Communism, respecting the future of mankind, will inspire and the peoples of Europe to overthrow Hitlerism and the whole system of capitalism that gave him birth.

The real Fifth Column in America can be readily recognized. You can easily identify them. They are the inciters of race prejudice and



Text of Frankfield Speech Banned by Boston Radio

Where Is Our Fifth Column?

The Daily Worker reprints here the radio speech by Philip Frankfield, state secretary of the Communist Party of Massachusetts.

Frankfield's speech was to have been delivered in a radio forum sponsored by the New England Town Hall, Inc., together with Mrs. Fulton Oursler, editor of Liberty magazine, and Mr. Edgar Ansel Mowrer, foreign correspondent and author, on the subject "Where Is Our Fifth Column?"

On The Score Board

By Lester Rodney

Yesterday we wrote of the smashing of American sports life, along with all of our democratic pursuits, that would follow the passage of the Burke-Wadsworth bill—which IS NOT YET PASSED AND CAN STILL BE LICKED IN THE HOUSE. In today's "Sporting News," official weekly baseball publication, comes a little confirmation. Right from the horse you might say, for "Sporting News" is on the inside of all baseball going on.

Its Seattle correspondent writes that fans have been wondering why that Pacific Coast League teams' three promising stars, George Archie, Ed Vanni and Les Webber, haven't been sold to a big league team yet. The majors are in the market for minor league stars, the players measure up fully, yet no offer has been received. Here's what a baseball scout told the Sporting News correspondent:

"With the shadow of military conscription hovering overhead, it's not logical for a big league outfit to plunk down \$25,000 for an untrained player in his twenties. They might lose him for a year's training, and what assurance could they have that their investment would be a valuable one when he returned as when he left?" What this scout, speaking according to Sporting News for "many others," left unsaid, of course was "What assurance could they have that their investment wouldn't return from Chile or Mexico or Europe minus an arm, a leg or an eye?"

The scout went on to draw a picture of how the big leagues might have to work next year under the draft—all this just on the 21-31 year old idea, mind you—and you know how scared that "limit" would remain once the original bill was ever bludgeoned through. He says, "To meet the situation, the majors would probably purchase winning minor leaguers in their 30s, who are less liable to be called early."

"Sporting News" presents the problem from the viewpoint of the magnates and their difficulties in keeping the game going and the box office clicking. That the ball players also think about the shattering of their lives' careers and the prospects of war from a slightly more personal angle was brought out in the beginning of the poll of players which was hastily dropped when the boys almost unanimously asked "What for?" When Ducky Medwick replied, "Who are we going to fight?" and Dixie Walker asked what was going to happen to his kid brother's chance to make good, and Pete Coscarati replied tersely, "I don't like the setup." It was 9-1, so they dropped it.

Athletes are not cowards. That they have no feeling for this robber war and are against the drive to get us in via conscription speaks simply for the fact that they come from out of the ranks of the ordinary people, are in fact what the cross-sectionists are fond of referring to as the ordinary "baseball Americans." In the real defense of their country you could rest assured that the American sports world would do its share—along with the rest of the "baseball Americans" who make up 99 per cent of our 130,000,000 people.

Some Money Today

Today's receipts for the Daily Worker Fund Drive credited to this column:

R. F.	\$2.00
A. S.	1.00
Joe50
	 \$3.50
Previously rec'd	\$12.75
TOTAL	\$16.25

R. F. says, "I hereby hold you to your word. You said that for another \$2.00 you'd make the Dodgers beat the Yanks in the World Series. You're on the spot, my boy."

Well, it came a little late, but I did my best, contacted the boys in Cincinnati and they promptly turned around and beat the Reds yesterday. I'm going to do my damndest (and if R. F. wants a refund after the Yankees beat the Reds in another World Series, well, there always next year. Now for ANOTHER two bucks...)

A. S. was shocked by our receipt of .50 the other day and said, "I've given plenty thus far, but as a start I hope, here's a buck. Need I add that I think your column is the best sports writing in 30 or 40 states and beats anything I read in the capitalist rags?" (Ed. Note—You needn't add it, but it is surely a welcome addition). "I'm carrying on a terrific battle with John Kieran of the "Times" and his baiting of the "Soviet" Cleveland team. So your column today on the subject is a pip."

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